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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/893,634	06/29/2001	Khanh Mai	5597	5800
38598	7590 12/19/2005		EXAMINER	
	KURTH L.L.P.	VAUGHN JR, WILLIAM C		
	YLVANIA AVENUE, N. ON, DC 20006	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
	,		2143	
		DATE MAILED: 12/19/2005		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

•		Application No.	Applicant(s)			
Office Action Summary		09/893,634	MAI ET AL.			
		Examiner	Art Unit			
		William C. Vaughn, Jr.	2143			
	The MAILING DATE of this communication a	ppears on the cover sheet with the	correspondence address			
Period fo	, •					
THE - Exte after - If the - If NC - Failu Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REP MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION nsions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. e period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a repended for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory perion to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by staturely received by the Office later than three months after the mailed patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	1. 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be to eply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) day will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the cause the application to become ABANDON	imely filed sys will be considered timely. In the mailing date of this communication. ED (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status						
1)⊠	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 13	February 2004.				
2a) <u></u>	This action is FINAL . 2b)⊠ Th	nis action is non-final.				
3)[Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Disposit	ion of Claims					
	4) Claim(s) <u>1-36</u> is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.					
	Claim(s) is/are allowed. Claim(s) <u>1-36</u> is/are rejected.					
7) <u> </u>	Claim(s) is/are objected to. Claim(s) are subject to restriction and	or election requirement.				
Applicat	ion Papers		,			
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.						
10)☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ accepted or b)☐ objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d). 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.						
	, ,	Examiner. Note the attached Office	e Action of form PTO-152.			
Priority (under 35 U.S.C. § 119					
	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority docume 2. Certified copies of the priority docume	nts have been received. nts have been received in Applica	tion No			
	3. Copies of the certified copies of the pri		ved in this National Stage			
* 5	application from the International Bure See the attached detailed Office action for a lis		ed.			
Attachmen	t(s)					
	e of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview Summar				
3) 🔲 Infor	e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/0 r No(s)/Mail Date	Paper No(s)/Mail D 8) 5) Notice of Informal 6) Other:	Patent Application (PTO-152)			

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DETAILED ACTION

1. This Action is in regards to the most recent papers received 29 June 2001.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

2. The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

3. Claims 1-36 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

Regarding independent claims 1, (e.g., exemplary independent claim 1), the recitation of "if the attached network is not totally multicast enabled", is unclear and vague. It is unclear of the metes and bounds of what qualifies as being "not totally multicast enabled".

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 4. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 5. Claims 1, 5-12, 17-24 and 29-36 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over McCanne, U.S. Patent No. 6,611,872 in view of Nurenberg et al. (Nurenberg), U.S. Patent No. 6,181,697.
- 6. Regarding claim 1, 13 and 25, McCanne discloses the invention substantially as claimed. McCanne discloses a method of virtual multicasting (VMC) multicast content on non-multicast enabled networks, comprising the steps of: determining if an attached network is multicast

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enabled, wherein the network includes client computers that have unicast addresses [see McCanne, Col. 7, lines 40-54]. However, McCanne does not explicitly disclose if the attached network is not totally multicast enabled, querying for virtual multicast requests for the multicast content from non-multicast enabled client computers; listening for virtual multicast requests, wherein at least one virtual multicast request includes a unicast address identifying a client computer of the network and a requested method of delivery for the multicast content; and determining, based on the virtual multicast requests, which client computers request the multicast content, from the unicast addresses, and the requested methods of delivery for the multicast content.

- 7. In the same field of endeavor, Nurenberg discloses (e.g., method for a unicast endpoint client to access a multicast internet protocol session). Nurenberg discloses if the attached network is not totally multicast enabled, querying for virtual multicast requests for the multicast content from non-multicast enabled client computers [see Nurenberg, abstract, Col. 3, lines 26-65 and Col. 4, lines 1-56]; listening for virtual multicast requests, wherein at least one virtual multicast request includes a unicast address identifying a client computer of the network and a requested method of delivery for the multicast content [see Nurenberg, Col. 5, lines 50-60]; and determining, based on the virtual multicast requests, which client computers request the multicast content, from the unicast addresses, and the requested methods of delivery for the multicast content.
- 8. Accordingly, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the networking art at the time the invention was made to have incorporated Nurenberg's teachings of a method for a unicast endpoint client to access a multicast internet protocol session with the teachings of

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McCanne, for the purpose of providing a endpoint client connected to a unicast network the ability to participate in multicast sessions [see Nurenberg, Col. 1, lines 40-51]. By this rationale claim 1 is rejected.

- 9. Regarding claim 5, 17 and 29, McCanne-Nurenberg discloses further comprising the; steps of: selecting an optimal upstream virtual router; and forwarding a multicast request for the multicast content to the selected upstream virtual router [see McCanne, col. 3, lines 57-67].
- Regarding claims 6, 18 and 30, McCanne-Nurenberg discloses wherein the selecting step comprises the steps of: determining a router load on upstream virtual routers; determining a round trip time on the upstream virtual routers; and balancing the determined router loads and round trip times for the upstream virtual routers, wherein the selecting step selects the upstream virtual router with the best balance of router load and round trip time [see McCanne, Col. 16, lines 58-64].
- Regarding claim 7, 19 and 31, McCanne-Nurenberg discloses wherein the determining if the attached network is multicast enabled comprises the step of: listening for Internet Group Management Protocol (IGMP) queries [see McCanne, Col. 9, lines 23-54]. By this rationale claim 7 is rejected.
- 12. Regarding claim 8, 20 and 32, McCanne-Nurenberg discloses wherein the querying step comprises the step of: issuing virtual IGMP (VIGMP) queries, wherein VIGMP queries query client computers for VIGMP reports that request unicast or multicast delivery of the multicast content [The Examiner takes Official Notice, [MPEP 2144.03]].
- 13. Regarding claim 9, 21 and 33, McCanne-Nurenberg discloses wherein the VIGMP reports that request unicast delivery of the multicast content include a unicast address for a

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requesting client computer and a multicast address for the multicast content [see rejection of claim 7, supra].

- 14. Regarding claim 10, 22 and 34, McCanne-Nurenberg discloses wherein the listening step listens for virtual multicast requests from downstream virtual routers [see rejection of claim 7, supra].
- 15. Regarding claim 11, 23 and 35, McCanne-Nurenberg discloses wherein the listening step listens for virtual multicast requests from downstream virtual routers by listening for Virtual Multicast Registration protocol (VMCRP) reports from the downstream virtual routers [see rejection of claim 7, supra].
- 16. Regarding claim 12, 24 and 36, McCanne-Nurenberg discloses wherein the VMCRP reports in clued a unicast address for a requesting downstream virtual router and a multicast address for the multicast content [see rejection of claim 7, supra]. By this rationale claim 12 is rejected.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 17. Claims **2-4**, **14-16**, **26-28** are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over McCanne-Nurenberg as applied to claims 1, 13 and 25 above, and further in view of Zhang et al. (Zhang), U.S. Patent No. 6,741,575.
- 18. Regarding **claims 2-4, 14-16, 26-28,** McCanne-Nurenberg discloses the invention substantially as claimed. However, McCanne-Nurenberg does not explicitly disclose further comprising the step of building a table of requesting client computers based on the requesting client computers determined from the determining step.

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19. In the same field of endeavor, Zhang discloses (e.g., apparatus and method for efficient delivery of multicast data). Zhang discloses further comprising the step of building a table of requesting client computers based on the requesting client computers determined from the determining step [see Zhang, Col. 7, lines 34-42].

- 20. Accordingly, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the networking art at the time the invention was made to have incorporated Zhang's teachings of an apparatus and method for efficient delivery of multicast data with the teachings of McCanne-Nurenberg for the purpose of providing a more efficient way of keeping track of requests within a unicast and multicast environment. By this rationale **claim 2** is rejected.
- 21. Regarding **claim 3, 15 and 27**, McCanne-Nurenberg and Zhang discloses further comprising the steps of receiving the multicast content, wherein the multicast content comprises a plurality of packets [see rejection of claim 3, supra]; replicating the packets and addressing the packets per the table of requesting client computers; and transmitting the replicated and addressed packets to the requesting client computers.
- Regarding claim 4, 16 and 28, McCanne-Nurenberg and Zhang discloses wherein: the building step builds a VMC client table (VCT) file that includes the identities of the requesting client computers and the unicast addresses of the requesting clients; and the method further comprises: reading the VCT file for the identities of the requesting client computers and the unicast addresses of the requesting clients, wherein the replicating step addresses the packets per the unicast addresses of the requesting clients [see Zhang, Col. 13, lines 1-13].

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Conclusion

23. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to William C. Vaughn, Jr. whose telephone number is (571) 272-3922. The examiner can normally be reached on 8:00-6:00, 1st and 2nd Friday Off.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, David A. Wiley can be reached on (571) 272-3923. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197-(fell-free).

William C. Vaughn, Jr.

Primary Examiner
Art Unit 2143

07 December 2005

WCV